

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier	HONEY GOO
Other means of identification	
Product code	800
Recommended use	LUBRICANT
Recommended restrictions	None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer	
Company name	Kleen-Flo Tumbler Ind Limited
Address	75 Advance Blvd Brampton, Ontario L6T 4N1 Canada
Telephone	General Assistance1-905-793-4311
E-mail	Not available.
Emergency phone number	CANUTEC: 613-996-6666

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Flammable aerosols	Category 1
Health hazards	Reproductive toxicity (fertility, the unborn child)	Category 2
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure	Category 1
	Aspiration hazard	Category 1

Label elements



Signal word	Danger
Hazard statement	Extremely flammable aerosol. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe gas. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Response	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Collect spillage.
Storage	Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazardCategory 2
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazardCategory 2

Other hazardsNone known.

Supplemental informationNone.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Distillates, Petroleum, Solvent-dewaxed Heavy Paraffinic		64742-65-0	15-40
Isobutane		75-28-5	10-30
Propane		74-98-6	10-30
n-Hexane		110-54-3	5-10
Petroleum Hydrocarbon		8002-74-2	1-5
n-Heptane		142-82-5	1-5
Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Medium Aliphatic		64742-88-7	1-5
Distillates (petroleum), Hydrotreated Heavy Naphthenic		64742-52-5	0.5-1.5
Acetone		67-64-1	0.5-1.5
Cyclohexane		110-82-7	0.1-1
Toluene		108-88-3	0.1-1
Other components below reportable levels			10-30

The exact concentration of the above listed chemicals are being withheld as a trade secret.

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	If symptoms develop move victim to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms persist.
Skin contact	Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Eye contact	Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
General fire hazards	Extremely flammable aerosol.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe gas. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Refer to attached safety data sheets and/or instructions for use. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not re-use empty containers. Do not breathe gas. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Level 2 Aerosol. Store locked up. Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits				
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values				
Components	Type	Value	Form	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	500 ppm	Fume.	
	TWA	250 ppm		
Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)	TWA	100 ppm		
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)	STEL	1000 ppm		
n-Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	STEL	500 ppm		
	TWA	400 ppm		
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	50 ppm		
Petroleum Hydrocarbon (CAS 8002-74-2)	TWA	2 mg/m3		
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm		
Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)				
Components	Type	Value		Form
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	1800 mg/m3		
		750 ppm		
	TWA	1200 mg/m3		
		500 ppm		
Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)	TWA	344 mg/m3		
		100 ppm		
n-Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	STEL	2050 mg/m3		
		500 ppm		
	TWA	1640 mg/m3		
		400 ppm		

Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)

Components	Type	Value	Form
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	176 mg/m3 50 ppm	Fume.
Petroleum Hydrocarbon (CAS 8002-74-2)	TWA	2 mg/m3	
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	TWA	1000 ppm	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	188 mg/m3 50 ppm	

Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	500 ppm	Fume.
	TWA	250 ppm	
Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)	TWA	100 ppm	
n-Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	20 ppm	
Petroleum Hydrocarbon (CAS 8002-74-2)	TWA	2 mg/m3	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm	

Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	500 ppm	Fume.
	TWA	250 ppm	
Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)	TWA	100 ppm	
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)	STEL	1000 ppm	
n-Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	50 ppm	
Petroleum Hydrocarbon (CAS 8002-74-2)	TWA	2 mg/m3	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm	

Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	750 ppm	Fume.
	TWA	500 ppm	
Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)	TWA	100 ppm	
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)	TWA	800 ppm	
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	50 ppm	
Petroleum Hydrocarbon (CAS 8002-74-2)	TWA	2 mg/m3	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm	

Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	2380 mg/m3 1000 ppm	
	TWA	1190 mg/m3 500 ppm	
Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)	TWA	1030 mg/m3 300 ppm	
n-Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)	STEL	2050 mg/m3 500 ppm	
	TWA	1640 mg/m3 400 ppm	

Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment)			
Components	Type	Value	Form
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	176 mg/m3 50 ppm	Fume.
Petroleum Hydrocarbon (CAS 8002-74-2)	TWA	2 mg/m3	
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	TWA	1800 mg/m3 1000 ppm	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	188 mg/m3 50 ppm	

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	25 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	0.4 mg/l	2,5-Hexanedio n, without hydrolysis	Urine	*
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	0.3 mg/g	o-Cresol, with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*
	0.03 mg/l	Toluene	Urine	*
	0.02 mg/l	Toluene	Blood	*

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

Canada - Alberta OELs: Skin designation

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - British Columbia OELs: Skin designation

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
-------------------------	-----------------------------------

Canada - Manitoba OELs: Skin designation

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
-------------------------	-----------------------------------

Canada - Ontario OELs: Skin designation

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
-------------------------	-----------------------------------

Canada - Quebec OELs: Skin designation

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - Saskatchewan OELs: Skin designation

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
-------------------------	-----------------------------------

Appropriate engineering controls	Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.
----------------------------------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection	If contact is likely, safety glasses with side shields are recommended.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.
Other	Use of an impervious apron is recommended.
Respiratory protection	If permissible levels are exceeded use NIOSH mechanical filter / organic vapor cartridge or an air-supplied respirator.
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations	Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.
--------------------------------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Aerosol.
Color	Not available.
Odor	Not available.
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	395.52 °F (201.95 °C) estimated
Flash point	-156.0 °F (-104.4 °C) PROPELLANT estimated
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower (%)	1.3 % estimated
Flammability limit - upper (%)	7.8 % estimated
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.

Vapor pressure	Not available.
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.

Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.

Other information

Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Oxidizing properties	Not oxidizing.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates. Fluorine. Chlorine.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.
Skin contact	No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected.
Eye contact	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.
Ingestion	Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics		Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.
Information on toxicological effects		
Acute toxicity	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
Components	Species	Test Results
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Guinea pig	> 7426 mg/kg, 24 Hours
		> 9.4 ml/kg, 24 Hours
	Rabbit	> 7426 mg/kg, 24 Hours
		> 9.4 ml/kg, 24 Hours
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	55700 ppm, 3 Hours
		132 mg/l, 3 Hours
		50.1 mg/l
Oral		
LD50	Rat	5800 mg/kg
		2.2 ml/kg
Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	> 32880 mg/m3, 4 Hours
		> 5540 ppm, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg
	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
Distillates (petroleum), Hydrotreated Heavy Naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
		> 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	2.18 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
Distillates, Petroleum, Solvent-dewaxed Heavy Paraffinic (CAS 64742-65-0)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
		> 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	2.18 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg

Components	Species	Test Results
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5) <u>Acute</u> Inhalation LC50	Mouse	1237 mg/l, 120 Minutes 52 %, 120 Minutes
	Rat	1355 mg/l
n-Heptane (CAS 142-82-5) <u>Acute</u> Dermal LD50 Inhalation LC50 Oral LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours
	Rat	> 29.29 mg/l, 4 Hours
	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) <u>Acute</u> Dermal LD50 Inhalation LC50 Oral LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg, 4 Hours > 5 ml/kg, 4 Hours
	Rat	> 5000 ppm, 24 Hours > 31.86 mg/l 73860 ppm, 4 Hours
	Rat	24 ml/kg 24 g/kg
	Wistar rat	49 g/kg
Petroleum Hydrocarbon (CAS 8002-74-2) <u>Acute</u> Dermal LD50 Oral LD50	Rabbit	> 3600 mg/kg, 24 Hours > 4 ml/kg, 24 Hours
	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours 3600 mg/kg
	Dog	> 25 ml/kg
	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg > 5 ml/kg 3750 mg/kg
Propane (CAS 74-98-6) <u>Acute</u> Inhalation LC50	Mouse	1237 mg/l, 120 Minutes 52 %, 120 Minutes
	Rat	1355 mg/l 658 mg/l/4h

Components	Species	Test Results
Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Medium Aliphatic (CAS 64742-88-7)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
		> 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours
Inhalation		
LC50	Cat	> 6.4 mg/l, 6 Hours
	Rat	> 7.5 mg/l, 6 Hours
		> 4.3 mg/l, 4 Hours
		> 0.1 mg/l, 8 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg, 24 Hours
Inhalation		
LC50	Mouse	6405 - 7436 ppm, 6 Hours
		5320 ppm, 8 Hours
	Rat	5879 - 6281 ppm, 6 Hours
		25.7 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.		
Skin corrosion/irritation	Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.	
Respiratory or skin sensitization		
Respiratory sensitization	Not a respiratory sensitizer.	
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.	
Carcinogenicity	Risk of cancer cannot be excluded with prolonged exposure.	
ACGIH Carcinogens		
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)		A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.
Canada - Manitoba OELs: carcinogenicity		
ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)		Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.
TOLUENE (CAS 108-88-3)		Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity		
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)		3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
Reproductive toxicity	Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Not classified.	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Aspiration hazard		
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.		
Chronic effects	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.	

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity		Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
Components		Species		Test Results
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)				
Aquatic				
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	21.6 - 23.9 mg/l, 48 hours	
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	4740 - 6330 mg/l, 96 hours	
Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)				
Aquatic				
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	23.03 - 42.07 mg/l, 96 hours	
n-Heptane (CAS 142-82-5)				
Aquatic				
Fish	LC50	Mozambique tilapia (Tilapia mossambica)	375 mg/l, 96 hours	
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)				
Aquatic				
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	2.101 - 2.981 mg/l, 96 hours	
Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Medium Aliphatic (CAS 64742-88-7)				
Aquatic				
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	100.0001 mg/L, 48 Hours	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)				
Aquatic				
Algae	IC50	Algae	433.0001 mg/L, 72 Hours	
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	7.645 mg/L, 48 Hours	
		Water flea (Daphnia magna)	5.46 - 9.83 mg/l, 48 hours	
Fish	LC50	Coho salmon,silver salmon (Oncorhynchus kisutch)	8.11 mg/l, 96 hours	

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)	
Acetone	-0.24
Cyclohexane	3.44
Isobutane	2.76
n-Heptane	4.66
n-Hexane	3.9
Propane	2.36
Toluene	2.73

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

14. Transport information

TDG

UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS, flammable
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	Not applicable.
Environmental hazards	Yes
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

This product is exempted under TDG section 1.17 as a limited quantity and may be shipped as a limited quantity.

15. Regulatory information

Canadian regulations

Controlled Drugs and Substances Act

Not regulated.

Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)

Not listed.

Greenhouse Gases

Not listed.

Precursor Control Regulations

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	Class B
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Class B

International regulations

Stockholm Convention

Not applicable.

Rotterdam Convention

Not applicable.

Kyoto protocol

Not applicable.

Montreal Protocol

Not applicable.

Basel Convention

Not applicable.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes
*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)		

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other Information

Issue date	01-25-2017
Version #	01

Guidelines for SDS use: The product described in this SDS is a consumer product. It is safe for use by consumers as described on the product label under normal, foreseeable conditions. This SDS is designed to provide additional valuable safety and handling information.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

