SAFETY DATA SHEET

Motomaster 2-Cycle Semi-Synthetic Powersports Oil



Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: Motomaster 2-Cycle Semi-Synthetic Powersports Oil
Synonyms	: Two cycle engine oil
Material uses	: Two cycle engine oil
Code	: 623205436
Supplier's details	: CITGO Petroleum Corporation P.O. Box 4689 Houston, TX 77210 sdsvend@citgo.com
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: Technical Contact: (800) 248-4684 Medical Emergency: (832) 486-4700 CHEMTREC Emergency: (800) 424-9300 (United States Only)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	 This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
GHS label elements	

Hazard	pictograms
Παζαι μ	DICLOUIAIIIS



Signal word	Warning
Hazard statements	Combustible liquid. Causes skin and eye irritation. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
General	Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. IF SWALLOWED: DO NOT induce vomiting. After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water. If you feel unwell, seek medical attention and show the label when possible. Keep out of reach of children.
Prevention	Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from flames and hot surfaces No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store in a dry place and/or in closed container. Store in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Disposal	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

1/13

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazards not otherwise classified

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

: None known.

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Two cycle engine oil

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
	≥50 - ≤75 ≥10 - <20 ≤3 ≤3	64741-88-4 64742-47-8 9003-29-6 64742-54-7
* = Various ** = Mixture *** = Proprietary		· · · · · ·

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to process variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

 Potential acute health effects

 Eye contact
 : Causes eye irritation.

 Inhalation
 : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

 Skin contact
 : Causes skin irritation.

 Ingestion
 : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

 Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: Treat symptomatically and supportively.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. SMALL FIRE ***TO BE TRANSLATED***LARGE FIRE: Use foam, water fog or water spray. Water fog and spray are effective in cooling containers and adjacent structures. However, water can cause frothing and/or may not extinguish the fire. Water can be used to cool the external walls of vessels to prevent excessive pressure, ignition or explosion.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Combustible liquid. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Section 6. Accidental release measures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. Bulk Storage Conditions: ***TO BE TRANSLATED***

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters Occupational exposure limits Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours. Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or Appropriate engineering other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any controls recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure **Environmental exposure** controls they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, vapor controls, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. Individual protection measures **Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. **Eye/face protection** Safety glasses equipped with side shields are recommended as minimum protection in τ. industrial settings. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead. **Skin protection** Hand protection : Avoid skin contact with liquid. Chemical-resistant gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. Leather gloves are not protective for liquid contact. : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being **Body protection** performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Other skin protection	: Avoid skin contact with liquid. Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Leather gloves are not protective for liquid contact.
Respiratory protection	: Éviter l'inhalation de gaz, vapeurs, brouillards ou poussières. Use a properly fitted, air- purifying or supplied-air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	:	Liquid.
Color	:	Purple.
Odor	:	Mild petroleum odor
рН	:	Not available.
Boiling point	:	Not available.
Flash point	1	Closed cup: 85°C (185°F) [Pensky-Martens (ASTM D-93)] Open cup: 95°C (203°F) [Cleveland.]
Evaporation rate	:	<1 (n-butyl acetate. = 1)
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Not available.
Vapor pressure	:	<0.013 kPa (<0.1 mm Hg) [room temperature]
Vapor density	:	>1 [Air = 1]
Relative density	:	0.86
Density Ibs/gal	:	7.21 lbs/gal
Density gm/cm ³	:	Not available.
Gravity, °API	:	32 @ 60 F
Solubility	:	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (room temperature): 0.55 cm²/s (55 cSt) Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 0.547 cm²/s (54.7 cSt)
Viscosity SUS	1	281 SUS @100 F

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: Not expected to be Explosive, Self-Reactive, Self-Heating, or an Organic Peroxide under US GHS Definition(s).
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas. Do not store with strong oxidizing agents.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9/15/2020 Date of previous issue : 3/5/2018 Version : 0.01 6/13

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result			Species	Dose	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	LD50 Dern	nal		Rabbit	2000 mg/kg	-
F	LD50 Oral			Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	LD50 Dern	nal		Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral			Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Distillates (petroleum),	LD50 Dern	nal		Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	LD50 Oral			Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
	animals. of minera inflamma sub-acute near curre Distillate highly ref Effects fro oil mists v reaction, studies in	Éffects fro il oil mists v tory reactions e studies in ent work pl s (petroleu ined oils ar om single a well above lipoid granu volving exp	m single and well above ap on, lipoid gran volving exposi- ace exposure um), hydrotr e reported to and short-terr applicable we uloma format	short-term re plicable work automa forma sures to lowe e levels produ eated heavy have low act n repeated e prkplace expo ion and lipoid wer concentre	cplace exposure leve ation and lipoid pneue er concentrations of r uced no significant to paraffinic: Mineral ute and sub-acute to	o high concentrations els include lung monia. In acute and nineral oil mists at or oxicological effects. oil mists derived fron xicities in animals. ncentrations of miner lung inflammatory ite and sub-acute mists at or near
rritation/Corrosion	ourient w					
Not available.						
Skin	: No addition	onal inform	ation.			
Eyes	: No addition	No additional information.				
Respiratory	: No additio	onal inform	ation.			
Sensitization						
Not available.						
Skin	: No additi	onal inform	ation.			
Respiratory	: No additi	onal inform	ation.			
<mark>Mutagenicity</mark> Not available.						
Conclusion/Summary	: No additi	onal inform	ation.			
<u>Carcinogenicity</u> Not available.						
Conclusion/Summary					vy paraffinic : In lon reported in any anim	g term studies (up to nal species tested.
<u>Classification</u>		-	1			
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP			
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	-	4	-			
Reproductive toxicity Not available.						
Conclusion/Summary	: No additio	onal inform	ation.			

Date of issue/Date of revision : 9

Section 11. Toxicological information

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : No additional information.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely	
routes of exposure	

: Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Short term exposure

Eye contact	: Causes eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	Not available.Not available.		
Potential chronic health eff Not available.	<u>ects</u>		
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9/15/2020 Date of previous issue : 3/5/2018		

Section 11. Toxicological information

Developmental effects Fertility effects

- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

		Exposure
Acute LC50 2200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	4 days
Acute LC50 2600 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	4 days
Acute LC50 2900 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
EC50 >1000 mg/l similar material	Daphnia	48 hours
LC50 >1000 mg/l similar material	Fish	96 hours
_	Acute LC50 2600 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 2900 μg/l Fresh water EC50 >1000 mg/l similar material	Acute LC50 2600 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 2900 µg/l Fresh water EC50 >1000 mg/l similar material Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Daphnia

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

: Butene, homopolymer (products derived from either/or But-1-ene/But-2-ene): This product is unlikely to biodegrade at a significant rate.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	3.9 to 6	-	high
Butene, homopolymer (products derived from either/ or But-1-ene/But-2-ene)	7.6 to 7.8	314 to 1882	high

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	of this pro requireme regional l via a licer the sewer Waste pa when rec safe way cleaned o Vapor fro inside the cleaned t	eration of waste should be a oduct, solutions and any by- ents of environmental prote- ocal authority requirements nsed waste disposal contra r unless fully compliant with ackaging should be recycled ycling is not feasible. This Care should be taken whe or rinsed out. Empty contai m product residues may cr e container. Do not cut, we horoughly internally. Avoid waterways, drains and sew	products should at a ction and waste disp . Dispose of surplus ctor. Waste should the requirements of . Incineration or lar material and its content handling emptied ners or liners may re eate a highly flamma d or grind used cont dispersal of spilled	all times comply posal legislation s and non-recyc not be disposed f all authorities ndfill should only tainer must be o l containers that etain some proc able or explosiv tainers unless th	y with the and any clable prod d of untrea with jurisd y be consid disposed of have not luct residu e atmosph hey have b	lucts ited to iction. dered of in a been es. nere peen
RCRA classification	: D018					
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9/15/2020	Date of previous issue	: 3/5/2018	Version	:0.01	9/13

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN 1268	UN 1268	UN 1268
UN proper shipping name	UN1268, Petroleum Distillates, n. o.s., Combustible Liquid, PG III [This product has a flash point temperature between 60.5° to 93°C (141° and 200°F). Bulk shipments of this product are regulated.] (Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light)	PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N. O.S. (Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light)	PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N. O.S. (Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light)
Transport hazard class(es)	Combustible liquid.	3	3
Packing group	Ш	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Oil: The product(s) represented by this SDS is (are) regulated as "oil" under 49 CFR Part 130. Shipments by rail or highway in packaging having a capacity of 3500 gallons or more or in a quantity greater 42,000 gallons are subject to these requirements. In addition, mixtures containing 10% or more of this product may be subject to these requirements.

Additional information

DOT Classification	:	Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not regulated as hazardous materials.
TDG Classification	:	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).
Special precautions for user	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code	:	Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	: United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted. Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: benzene; toluene; naphthalene; ethylbenzene
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: benzene; toluene; naphthalene; ethylbenzene
	This material is classified as an oil under Section 311 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) and the Oil Pollution Act of 1990 (OPA). Discharges or spills which produce a visible sheen on waters of the United States, their adjoining shorelines, or into conduits leading to surface waters must be reported to the EPA's National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.
SARA 302/304	
Composition/information of	n ingredients
SARA 304 RQ <u>SARA 311/312</u>	: Not applicable.

Date of issue/Date of revision

Date of previous issue

Section 15. Regulatory information

Classification

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	≥10 - <20	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Butene, homopolymer (products derived from either/or But-1-ene/ But-2-ene)	≤3	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

State regulations

Massachusetts	: None of the components are listed.
New York	 The following components are listed: Butene, homopolymer (products derived from either/or But-1-ene/But-2-ene)
New Jersey	: None of the components are listed.
Pennsylvania	 The following components are listed: Butene, homopolymer (products derived from either/or But-1-ene/But-2-ene); ETHENE, TETRAFLUORO-, HOMOPOLYMER

California Prop. 65 Clear and Reasonable Warnings (2018)

WARNING: This product can expose you to Benzene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. This product can expose you to chemicals including Ethylbenzene, Naphthalene, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Toluene, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca. gov.

Ingredient name	%	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
benzene	<0.0001	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.
toluene	<0.0001	No.	Yes.	-	Yes.
ethylbenzene	trace	Yes.	No.	Yes.	-
naphthalene	<0.001	Yes.	No.	Yes.	-

International regulations

Inventory list

United States	: All components are listed or exempted.
Australia	: Not determined.
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.
China	: All components are listed or exempted.
Europe	: All components are listed or exempted.
Japan	: Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
Malaysia	: Not determined.
New Zealand	: Not determined.
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	: Not determined.
Thailand	: Not determined.
Turkey	: Not determined.
Viet Nam	: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Reprinted with permission from NFPA 704-2001, Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response Copyright ©1997, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This reprinted material is not the complete and official position of the National Fire Protection Association, on the referenced subject which is represented only by the standard in its entirety.

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification			Justification	
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3		On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method		
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG			Calculation method	
History			•	
Date of printing	:	9/23/2020		
Date of issue/Date of revision	:	9/15/2020		
Date of previous issue	:	3/5/2018		
Version	:	0.01		
Key to abbreviations	:	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations 		
References : Not available.				
Indicates information th	at ha	s changed from previously issued version.		

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

THE INFORMATION IN THIS SAFETY DATA SHEET (SDS) WAS OBTAINED FROM SOURCES WHICH WE BELIEVE ARE RELIABLE. HOWEVER, THE INFORMATION IS PROVIDED WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED REGARDING ITS CORRECTNESS OR ACCURACY. SOME INFORMATION PRESENTED AND CONCLUSIONS DRAWN HEREIN ARE FROM SOURCES OTHER THAN DIRECT TEST DATA ON THE SUBSTANCE ITSELF. THIS SDS WAS PREPARED AND IS TO BE USED ONLY FOR THIS PRODUCT. IF THE PRODUCT IS USED AS A COMPONENT IN ANOTHER PRODUCT, THIS SDS INFORMATION MAY NOT BE APPLICABLE. USERS SHOULD MAKE THEIR OWN INVESTIGATIONS TO DETERMINE THE SUITABILITY OF THE INFORMATION OR PRODUCTS FOR THEIR PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR APPLICATION.

THE CONDITIONS OR METHODS OF HANDLING, STORAGE, USE, AND/OR DISPOSAL OF THE PRODUCT ARE BEYOND OUR CONTROL AND MAY BE BEYOND OUR KNOWLEDGE. FOR THIS AND OTHER REASONS, WE DO NOT ASSUME RESPONSIBILITY AND EXPRESSLY DISCLAIM LIABILITY FOR ANY LOSS, DAMAGE OR EXPENSE ARISING OUT OF OR IN ANY WAY CONNECTED WITH HANDLING, STORAGE, USE OR DISPOSAL OF THE PRODUCT.

Section 16. Other information

CITGO is a registered trademark of CITGO Petroleum Corporation